





Benefits

Efficient Dredging starts with dredging in the right place and at the right depth. Dredging in the wrong locations and overdredging can involve major energy wastage and costs. Under-dredging may mean being called back to finish the job correctly. All dredging scenarios of this kind imply high costs for the dredging contractor, if not the client, and they can also have a negative impact on the hydrodynamic and environmental aspects of the dredging job.

In terms of dredge operations, the need for accurate dredging implies that operators must know the position of dredger in the wide context of the dredging area, accompanied by accurate knowledge about the position of the draghead of TSHDs, the cutter of CSDs or the bucket/

tool of excavator dredgers. These positions must refer both to a digital terrain model (DTM) of the actual dredge track/profile and its exact geographical coordinates.

The dredge position-related information is usually generated by IHC Systems' monitoring equipment, such as the STPM®, DLM®, DPM® or XPM® functions. If DGPS, bearing and/or tidal and list/trim information are added, these monitoring systems generate sufficient information to position the dredger's 'tool' precisely within a DTM and the context of the dredging area with the help of DTPS.

IHC Systems DTPS has been designed with the operator in mind. Although it has been built on a strong hydrographical foundation, it is no survey

package derivate, and requires almost no online adjustments or configurations. It just presents and reports useful geographic data, particularly designed to serve the operator. Consequently, the operator is provided with an adequate picture of the dredger and 'tool' in an automatically updated DTM. related to in-surveys. various chart datum and projection methods, and current status. DTPS has the capability to exchange data with usual modern survey packages.

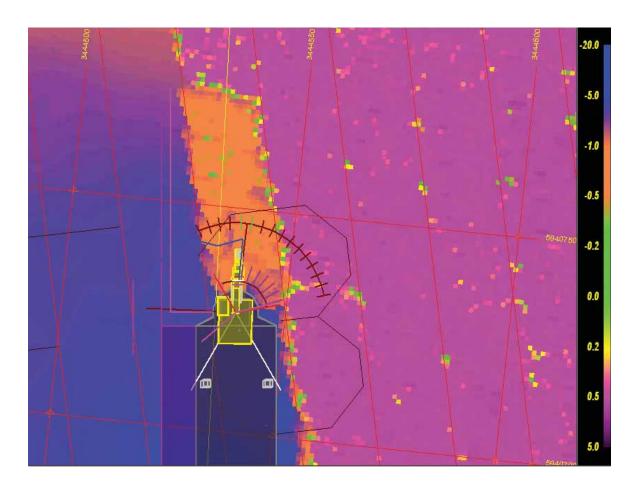
The system provides what is needed to dredge in the right place and at the right depth. So numerous dredgers throughout the world have DTPS installed as the main geographical and DTM orientation tool for the operator.

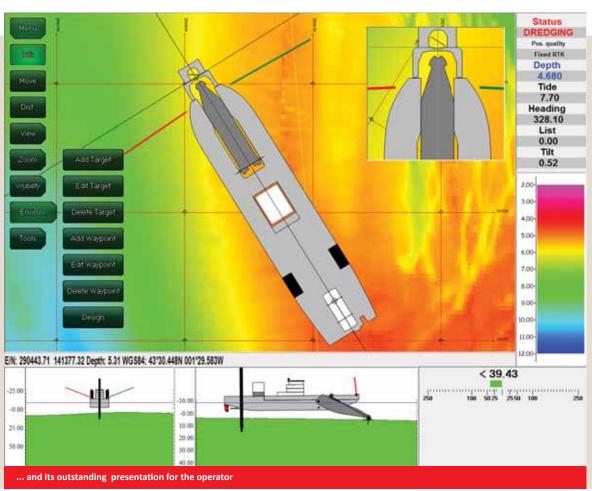












Typical System Architecture

The core of the system is a dedicated PC containing the DTPS algorithms and models running on Microsoft Windows. The software is dongle-protected to prevent unauthorised use.

At present, the DTPS function is usually an integrated and/or distributed part of a larger monitoring and automation TCP/IP network such as IHC Systems' dredging control system (see the DCS brochure on the website). The DTPS computer receives its dredger and sensor data from a dedicated computer - the IHC Digisys computer - which is the platform for the respective STPM/ DLM/ DPM/ ACC/ XPM applications. DTPS closely works together with the IHC Digisys platform, which facilitates the configuration of dredger components and DTM data.

The network also provides the data link to other proven on-board systems (hardware and software), such as a programmable logic controller network (PLC), monitored by a fast PC-based, server-client, supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) network. The PLCs manage the standardised signal isolation and processing.

The network can use DTPS data elsewhere, for

example in the electronic chart (ECDIS) and/or in DP/DT systems for pre-defined track data. DTPS has the capability to exchange data with the usual modern survey packages.

The link between the operator and the DTPS system is provided by a user-friendly TFT colour screen. As standard, it provides the 2½D Digisys dressed-wire presentation of the dredger and the DTM, assisted by other functionally designed and standardised screen pages.

If required, the DTPS function can also be supplied in a stand-alone version. If necessary, additional RS232/485/NMEA channels are installed for reading environmental signal data, for example from a gyro compass, DGPS, etc. The content and extent of sensor equipment varies according to the ultimate functionality specs.

Sensors, transmitters and/or actuators

Depending on the specific configuration and required options, connected equipment may include:

- IHC Systems Digisys computer and/or
- IHC DCS system and/or separate information providers such as:
 - one or more DGPS or DGPS-RTK systems
 - one or more gyro compasses
 - radio tidal measurement
 - draught, list and trim and/or motion sensors
 - single and dual frequency echo sounders

Typical functionality

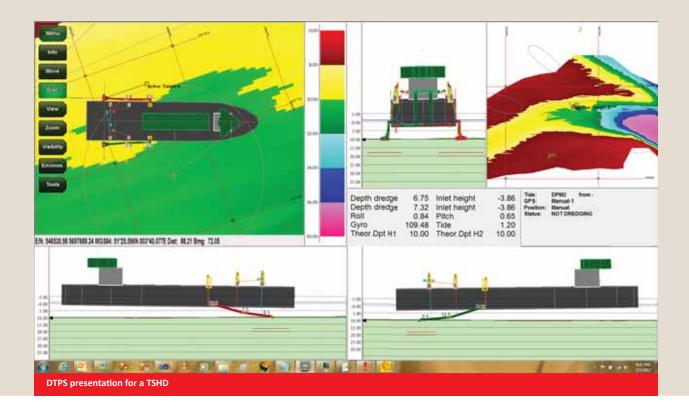
Depending on the specific DTPS functionality and options, the dredging depth and/or lateral position of the dredger and the dredging 'tool' are presented as 'dressed wire models' on the video screen with respect to the waterline and the vessel's centreline and in the context of the dredging area and DTM.

The top, side and back views of the ship, including the suction pipe or cutter ladder or boom and stick, are presented together with detailed tool and bathymetric information in a digital terrain model (DTM) of the dredge area in a particular geographic projection model. The DTM is updated continuously with the depth of the latest dredging activity. Of course, the final DTPS accuracy cannot exceed DGPS or survey/track system accuracy.

DTPS includes highly user-friendly approaches to importing and merging external matrix data, for example from a survey, while the system is running. No restarting is needed afterwards. Either whole batches of matrices can be automatically imported by just inserting a USB memory stick, or the operator can manually browse for a specific matrix and import it, while DTPS carries on running. Just a few mouse clicks suffice.

The video screen allows for the online adjustment of operational parameters, while configuration parameters can be entered off-line. Wizards simplify data input. Presentation-colour preferences, zoom, hide and shift functions are available. DTM resolution can be adjusted off-line.

Daylight and night presentation are based on ECDIS standards. Databases can be used to set up new projects. Transgressing set points for under-depth or over-depth generates audible and visual alarms. In the DCS-integrated version, screen pages are available for fault diagnosis and alarms.



Equipment geared to performance

DTPS can be used for sending information to, for example, ECDIS and DP/DT systems. Depending on the type of dredger, DTPS exchanges data with the Digisys computer:

- On board TSHDs with the STPM® and/or DLM® function
- On board CSDs with the DPM® and/or ACC® function
- On board excavators with the XPM® and/or AXC function

Options

- Touch screen operated version
- Electronic Chart System background ECS (S57, VPF, ARC)
- Additional survey package







Head office

The Netherlands

Sliedrecht

Regional offices

EUROPE The Netherlands

Alblasserdam Apeldoorn Delfgauw

Dordrecht

Goes

Hardinxveld-Giessendam

Kinderdijk

Raamsdonksveer

Sliedrecht

United Kingdom

Blandford Forum

France

Verberie

ASIA P.R. of China

Beijing Shanghai Tianjin

SOUTH EAST ASIA Rep. of Singapore

Singapore

India

Mumbai

MIDDLE EAST United Arab Emirates

Dubai

Nigeria

Lagos

NORTH AMERICA USA

Houston, TX Lafayette, LA Wayne, NJ

SOUTH AMERICA

Brazil

Rio de Janeiro

Engineering & Production

The Netherlands

Hardinxveld-Giessendam

Heusden

EUROPE

Kinderdijk

Krimpen aan den IJssel

Rotterdam Sliedrecht

United Kingdom

Stocksfield

Croatia

Rijeka

Slovakia

Komarno

AFRICA

South Africa

Cape Town

ASIA P.R. of China

Dalian Guangzhou Shanghai

SOUTH EAST ASIA

Malaysia

Kuala Lumpur

IHC Systems B.V.

Industrieweg 30, 3361 HJ Sliedrecht P.O. Box 41, 3360 AA Sliedrecht The Netherlands

T +31 18 443 19 22 F+31 18 443 15 05 sales.sy@ihcmerwede.com www.ihcmerwede.com/www.ihcsystems.com